The revolution of connectors



Less is not always less - sometimes it is more!

Classic connectors are solid, massy and precise, but also heavy, corruptively massive and with eddy current problems.

That means:



large, conducting metal masses result in capacitive and inductive loads for the signal flow (memory effects)



large conductor cross sections cause large nonlinear eddy current distortions

RCA sockets Pole terminals **RCA** plugs Banana plugs brass, massive: 19,27 g brass, massive: 10,37 g brass, massive: 23,11 g brass, massive: 55,98 g comparison of metal masses copper, low mass: 0,93 g copper, low mass: 1.88 g copper, low mass: 4.73 g copper, low mass: 3.34 g 75 Ω up to 1 GHz nextgen™ WBT-0110 Cu nextgen™ WBT-0210 Cu nextgen™ WBT-0610 Cu nextgen™ WBT-0703 Cu

nextgen[™] connectors are a hybrid composite of specialised materials and therefore the solution to almost any problem of massive connectors. The filigree conductor of pure copper provides the signal transmission, in conjunction with the various contact pressure generating spring and gripping mechanisms, a direct and low-loss transmission path. The plastic framework ensures stability and protects against dangerous touchvoltages. And since 2019 all nextgen[™] Cu connectors have been gold-plated with modern **PVD¹** plasma technology, recognizable by the embossed "**PP**" or by this symbol:

nextgen[™] stands for:

no unnecessary conductive masses, therefore:

- no additional nonlinear distortions
- (+) least EMI influences
- (+) almost **no** eddy currents
- signal flow with a **higher bandwith** through PDV plasma gold plating
- cinch connectors with 75 Ω impedance up to 1 GHz (corresponds to the digital norm DIN EN60958)!

¹ PVD = Physical Vapor Deposition



Impact sound interruptor



The WBT impact sound interruptor is the non-plus-ultra for all WBT RCA sockets and pole terminals.

It attenuates the cabinet vibrations of loudspeakers and electronics (such as transformer hum etc.) and thereby enhances the contact quality.